UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/732,824 12/10/2003		Kenneth W. Bronson	Google-65 (GP-171-00-US)	6777	
82402 Straub & Pokot	7590 07/15/201 vlo	0	EXAMINER		
788 Shrewsbury	y Avenue	SANDERS, AARON J			
Tinton Falls, N	1 0 / / 24		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2168		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			07/15/2010	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/732,824	BRONSON ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	

	AARON SANDERS	2168					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 02 July 2010 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.							
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apper for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit eal (with appeal fee) in compliance v	t, or other evidence, www. with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request				
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.						
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in tater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE f).	date of the final rejection of the FIRST REPLY WAS FII	on. LED WITHIN TWO				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set for thin (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
NOTICE OF APPEAL	liaman with OZ OED 44 OZ mayat ba 4						
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w AMENDMENTS 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the					
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, by	but prior to the date of filing a brief	will not be entered be	Called				
(a) They raise new issues that would require further coll (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);					
(c)							
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).							
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).							
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		' (')	. (P (I				
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).							
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provide the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		be entered and an ex	xplanation of				
Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appear y and was not earlier presented. Se	ll and/or appellant fails ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a).				
10.	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.				
 The request for reconsideration has been considered bu <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u> 	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:				
12. Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13. Other:	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)						
/Tim T. Vo/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2168							

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

As per applicant's argument that since Nicholas checks for an ad based on the demographic information, Nicholas does not need to determine the crawlability of a website as in claims 1 and 36 (Remarks p. 5), the examiner respectfully disagrees. The rejection is based on a combination of references. In view of both Nicholas and DeCosta, it would have been obvious that ads could be provided based on site content (DaCosta col. 1, II. 19-33, "Internet search providers use standard web crawling techniques to provide search facilities to collect static data from these websites and to summarize and index the data") and/or demographics, and therefore it would be necessary to check the crawlability of a requested content site (e.g. between steps S412 and S414 of Fig. 25). If either the crawlability check or the demographic check failed, it would be impossible to determine if a targeted ad was available (step S 422), and the request would be forwarded to a default server (step 426).

Further, although Nicholas sends ads to dynamic web pages because the ads are not based on site content, when combined with DaCosta and providing ads based on content, it becomes necessary to check whether the page is dynamic or not. Note that the combination does not use DaCosta's method of determining what the dynamic content is, but rather recognizes that it is dynamic and treats it as unanalyzable.

As per applicant's argument that the combination of Bronniman and Nicholas do not teach "determining that a threshold number of ads having untapped budgets are not available to render" as in claim 41, the examiner respectfully disagrees. While Bronniman may not teach the exact limitation, "known work in one field of endeavor may prompt variations of it for use in either the same field or a different one based on design incentives or other market forces if the variations are predictable to one of ordinary skill in the art" (MPEP 2143(F)). Here, "ads having untapped budgets" is an obvious variation of Bronniman's teachings.

Likewise, as per applicant's argument that Bronniman does not teach determining that net revenue will not be positive as in claims 12 and 42, the examiner respectfully disagrees. While Bronniman may not teach the exact limitation, "known work in one field of endeavor may prompt variations of it for use in either the same field or a different one based on design incentives or other market forces if the variations are predictable to one of ordinary skill in the art" (MPEP 2143(F)). Here, determining that ad revenue will not be negative is an obvious variation of Bronniman's teachings.

Thus, the final rejection mailed 2 March 2010 is maintained.